

642. Other countries have, to a considerable extent, increased their exports to Canada, as the following statement shows :—

IMPORTS FROM COUNTRIES OTHER THAN GREAT BRITAIN AND UNITED STATES.

	1886.	1893.
Interchangeable mechanism.....	\$ 15,109	\$ 24,559
Hardware, cutlery and edged tools.....	149,734	205,690
Machinery.....	5,452	64,557
Castings and forgings.....	2,504	413
Rails and railway supplies.....	45,388	54,549
Other forms of iron and steel.....	131,563	275,229
Pig iron.....	2,067	359
Total.....	\$351,817	\$625,355

643. The following table gives the world's production of pig iron and steel, principally in 1893. Tons of 2,240 pounds are used with reference to Great Britain, the United States, Russia and "Other Countries," and metric tons of 2,204 pounds for continental countries :—

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF IRON AND STEEL.

COUNTRIES.	Pig Iron.	Steel.
	Tons.	Tons.
Great Britain.....	6,750,000	3,679,043
United States.....	7,124,502	3,123,524
Germany and Luxemburg.....	4,826,819	2,161,821
France.....	2,032,567	803,063
Belgium.....	768,321	221,296
Austria-Hungary.....	925,308	499,600
Russia.....	912,290	375,625
Sweden.....	490,913	172,774
Spain.....	179,433	63,011
Italy.....	11,930	107,676
Other countries (estimated).....	80,000	5,000
Total.....	26,003,780	12,290,892

644. Great Britain and the United States combined produced 61 per cent of the total quantity of pig iron, and 65 per cent of the total quantity of steel, produced in the world. Great Britain no longer maintains her supremacy as the largest manufacturer of iron and steel, the United States having wonderfully increased their production during the last fifteen years. In 1878 Great Britain produced 45 per cent and 36 per cent of the total production of iron and steel respectively, and the United States 16 per